PROSPECTUS For publishing a Monthly Periodical in Washington, D. C., called

THE NATIONAL RECORDER RELIGIOUS AND POLITICAL INTELLIGENCE, By L. D. Johnson.

THE "National Recorder" will contain sixteen quarto pages, with a single or double cover, for one dollar a year. Besides the miscellaneous resaing found in periodicals of this kind, will be mainly devoted to the following objects: First, to give information of all all that may be done in the legicla-

Besides the minordianeous reasons following objects:

First, to give information of all all that may be done in the legislative and executive department of the general government relating to the interests of religion.

In the legislative department it will embrace the spirit of all that may done in Congress on this subject, including the service of chaplains in the limite and Senate, with brief skeiches of the services of chaplains in the fiscine and Senate, with brief skeiches of the services to the chaplain service in the army and navy, at military poets, and in campaigns, at military and naval schools, in seagoing vessel-, and receiving spins in navy yards, hospitals, and sallors' and solders' homes or asylums. By the facilities for obtaining tessel-, and receiving spins in navy yards, hospitals, and sallors' and solders' homes or asylums. By the facilities for obtaining information at the departments in Washington, and by correspondence with chaplains, we shall be able to produce much that is interesting to the public. The second object will be to coldect statistical information, and to publish, under the head of each State and Territory, all that relates to the general interests of religion. This will embrace the number of all officially-recognized clergy more employed as pastors, or otherwise, the number added annually to each distinct clurch organization. We shall enter upon such a plan of correspondence as will cauble us to reach this information with more than approximate accuracy, together with the number added annually to each distinct clurch organization. We shall enter upon such a plan of correspondence as will cauble us to reach this information with more than approximate accuracy, together with the next enter into the "achedulers" of the United Statos census.

The third object will be to notice all that is new and interesting in literature and science, not omitting to bestow special attention upon the series of lectures annually delivered and the scientific developments made known at the Smithoni

tions of science and learning in the United States—for each of whom we have a distinct proposition.

The first number of the "Recorder" will be dated January, 1859, but as it will contain, among other things, an important memorial to Congress, which should first be placed in the hands of every clergy-man of every sect (for this periodical will be neither sectarian nor political in its character) at an earlier date, we intend to issue the first number early in December next. We therefore respectfully propose to all clergy men who will send us, with their address, one dollar, that we will send them the "Recorder" two years, or two numbers for one year, or the first number only to all who will enclose four letter down.

year, or the first number only to an wine with encrose four letter, alongst.

To the editors of all periodicals and newspapers (excepting those which are only political and secular) who will give this prospectus one insertion, and send us the number containing it, we propose to advertise the name and locality of their paper on our cover through one year. To the presidents or principals of all literary institutions who subscribe for the Recorder we will insert the name and place of their institutions, as proposed to editors.

Address "National Recorder," Washington, 1: C, 45t 31—if

PROSPECTUS

THE CENSOR.

A Monthly Review of the Political Press.

To APPROACH that most august tribunal, The Public, before which the most kingly pride must conceal an auxious awe, or more nobly confess an humble reverence, is ever an occasion of deep concern. But when the purpose is one of remonstrance, and the motive one of deep carnestuess, the very diffidence of the former must impair confidence in the latter; and thus increase

astrance, and the morre-one of deeper and the former must impair confidence in the latter, and thus increase the embarrassment.

In our common country there are among men more or ass connected with its politics a numerous class who feel a distaste for those insincerties of action and expression in partisan contest so indulged by custom and so transparent by use that the most honorable are tempted to employ them; who are deterred from active support of sound principles of government by a dislike of the prevailing means; who find their sentiments but feebly reflected by the popular press and who apprehend as a consequence a serious democralization of political principles and private-virtue. It is for such that this publication is proposed.

The general neglect of a duty, however high, authorizes the most unassuming to attempt the performance of it. That a publication of this character is needed, the public has probably as little doubt as the projector. Whether he shall be capable of supplying the want, he no better than the public as an exemplar of absolute candor would determine. It is acknowledged with regret that a political magazine of fered to the public as an exemplar of absolute candor would be a novely in what is called politics. But it is not precived upon what principle, disinterested men could condenn the project or long suffer to be singular. The following opinious are held upon general concasion:

That the troolers of marties and politicians is not according to the

it to be singular. The following opinious are hald upon general concession:

That the "policy" of parties and politicians is not according to the principles of right and wrong; that the great press of the country, almost exclusively political, maintains the system by action and by acquiescence; that the pursuit of office is the paramount evil of the day; that there is in the public mind a dangerous complication of established political axioms; that in some instances men of acknowledged depravity have been countenanced by the men and press of their political party; that the country abounds with wise and virtuous men whose obscurity is a public loss, who would be called by the people to their service if there was any practicable method of selecting them; that every attempt to this end in the nature of erganized reform parties has failed and must continue to fail through the same causes that produce the evil," &c.

causes that produce the evil." &c.

The following convictions, among others, have been adopted for advocacy, with abilities yet untries, but with an arriess and resoute causior which it is hoped will not altogether dissappoint confi

advocacy, with abilities yet untried, but with an artiess and resolute canator which it is hoped will not altogether discappoint could dence:

The virtue of the people is the only source of order. Public opinion is still lutolorant of hypocrisy and duplicity in general, but tolerates them measurably in politics. The evils above if unchecked, will surely extend this indulgence, until a general degradation of public sentiment will endanger our institutions, political and social. That these evils exist is chiefly because the principles of morality are systematically ignored in practical political questions, as irrelevant, and these likewise ignored in questions of morals. The main object will be to demonstrate by carrent examples that in every instance they are one question; that sound politics is practical morality; that, under popular governments, political action is a moral obligation; that separation of georals and politics must tend to corrupt private virtue and subvert public order; that those who set forth public service in a party as ground for reward should be treated as persons who put a price in their virtues and who hold profit to be the proper condition of duty; that men believed to be seeking office should be jealously excluded therefrom; that politician should not be excused for any motives that they cannot justify in public confession; that "political" secrets and confidences are treason against the people; that the olitical press has the power of reforming the foregoing crils; that editors are generally candid and just in common matters of fact and opinion; that it is their general practice to make politics an exception; but if they continue it they are justly chargeable with the consequent deterioration of public morals.

These views will be supported by reasoning solely upon admitted facts and opinion; with severe stamples, each representative or a class and illustrative of a prevalent evil principle, and then applying to such monsense.

Our political faith consists of those great doctrines usua

mon sense.

Our political faith consists of those great doctrines usually incorporated by the democrata in their party platforms, which as Catholic principles shall command our support, as shall such other doctrines as the progress of mankind may develop.

It is proposed to issue the first number on the ensuing New Year's day. Pamplate form. Three dollars a year. Newspapers throughout the country are expected to exchange, and are requested to publish this amonumement. Address

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Do by French mail, 33 cents \(\frac{1}{2} \) oz. (6 cents \(\frac{1}{2} \) oz.

Do by French mail, 33 cents \(\frac{1}{2} \) oz. (6 cents \(\frac{1}{2} \) oz.

To Section \(\frac{1}{2} \) oz. (7 cents) oz. (7 cents) oz.

To Section \(\frac{1}{2} \) oz. (7 cents) oz. (7

when distance does not exceed 2,500 miles, and 20 cents if distance exceeds 2,500 miles—prepaid.

To Bogota and Buenaventura, New Granada, 18 cents ½ oz.—prepaid.

To Feru, 22 cents ½ oz.—prepaid.

To Wast Indies, British, (except Turks' Island.) 10 cents ½ oz. if distance does not exceed 2,500 mile, and 20 cents ½ oz if distance exceeds 2,500 miles—prepaid.

To Sandwigh Islands, New South Wales, and China, by mail to San Francisco, thence by private ship, 10 cents ½ oz.—prepaid.

Nor: --In all cases where the word prepaid is not added, the pre-syment of the postage is optional with the sender.

REIGNING SOVEREIGNS OF EUROPE-JULY 1,

1857.

1	Name.	State.			birth.	cossion.	
1		Sweden and Norway.				Mar. 8, 184	
4	Alexander II	Russia	April	29,	1818.	Mar. 2, 185	
4		Donmark			1808.	Jan. 20, 184	8
4	Victoria 1	Great Britain	May	24.	1819	J'ne 20, 183	7
1	William III	Holland or Netherland	isFeb.	19.	1817	Mar. 17, 1840	0
1	Leopold I	Belgium	Dec.		1790.		
ı	Fred. Wm. IV	Prussia	Oct.			June 7, 1840	
1	John	.Saxony	Dec.		1801		
Ŋ	George V	Hanover	May			Nov.18, 185	
Н		Mecklenburg-Schwer			1823	Mar. 7, 184	
1		Mecklenburg-Strelitz			1779	Nov 6, 1816	
1	Peter	Oldenburg	July		1827	Feb. 27, 1850	
1		Brunswick				Apr. 25, 183	
1	Adolphus	Nassau	July	94	1817		
ı		Saxe Weim, Eisenach				July 8, 185	
1		Saxe-Coburg-Gotha				Jan. 29, 184	
Ŋ		Saxe-Meiningen			1800	Dec. 24, 180	
1	Franct	Saxe Altenburg	Stant	100	1996	Aog. 3, 185	
1	Loopold	Anhalt-Dessau	Ches	17	1794	Aug. 9, 181	
1	Alaxandae	Ambult Bernburg	Mac	27	1805	Mar 24, 183	
d	Conther	Anhalt-Bernburg Schwarzburg-Rudolet	Nov	"	1702	Apr. 28, 180	
d	Conthee	Schwarzburg Sonder's	Sharet	04	1001	Aug. 19, 183	
1		Reuse, Elder Line				Oct. 31, 183	
1		Reuss, Younger Line				J'ne 19, 186	
J		Lippe					
-	Corpora	Lippe Schaumburg	Door.	90	1791	Jan. 1, 186	
1	Cuorgo Victor	Waldeck	Jan.	14	1041	Feb. 13, 178 May 15, 184	
1	Condinand	. Hesse-Homburg	America	14,	1700	Sept. 8, 184	21
1	Production	Baden	South	0	1940		
	Candonio Wen	. Hosse-Carsel	Acces.	90	1020	Apr. 24, 185	
1	Levis III	Hesse Darmstadt	Lug.	20,	1502	Nov 20, 184	
i		Lichtenstein				J'ne 16, 184	
η	Million T	Wurtemburg	May	20,	1790.	Apr. 20, 183	
4	William I	Wurtemourg	sept.	27,	1781.	Oct. 30, 181	0
1	Maximilian II.	Bayaria	Nov.	20,	1811.	Mar . 21, 184	
	Fran. Joseph 1	.Austria	Aug	18,	1830	Dec. 2, 184	
	Napoleon III	France	. April	20,	1808	Dec. 2, 185	
		Spain				Sep. 29, 183	
	Pedro VT	.Portugal	. Sept.	16,	1837	Nov.15, 185	
	Vict. Eman. II.	.Bardinia	Mar.	14,	1820	Mar. 23, 184	
		Tuscany				J'ne 18, 182	
	Robert	Parma	July	9,	1848.	.Mar. 27, 185	
		. Modena and Massa			1810	Jan. 21, 184	
	Pine IX	States of the Church	May			J'ne 16, 184	
	Ferdinand II	.Two Sicilies	Jun.	12,	1810.	Nov. 8, 183	
	Otho I	Greece Turkey	June	1,	1815.	May 7, 183	
	Abdul Medjid	Turkey	April	23,	1823.		
	Chas. Monore	.Monaco	. Dec.	8,	1818.	J'ne 20, 185	6

"The Grand Duke of Baden, Louis, born August 15, 1824, is under

"The Grand Duke of Baden, Louis, born August 15, 1824, is under goard'anship by reson of insanity.

His father, Ferdinand, husband of the late Queen, was regent until September 16, 1855.

RATES OF CHARGES FOR HACKNEY CARRIAGES, CABS, &c.

CABS, &c.

[Extract from an act of the Corporation, approved March 20, 1842.]

Sec. 12. And be it enacted, That from and after the passage of this act, the following rates of fare or charges for the conveyance of persons from one place to another in the city of Washington, in hackney carriages, cabs, or other vehicle, many core one-and-a-half mile, twenty-five cents: for any distance over one-and-a-half mile, twenty-five cents: for any

OFFICERS OF THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF WASHINGTON.

Register—William Morgan.
Corporation Attorney—James M. Carlinle,
Commissioner of Health—Charles F. Force, M. D.
Tas Metch—William J. Boucho.
Book heeper—Edwin J. Klupfer,
Massenger—William G. Locke.
Collector—James F. Haiday. Clerks—Reuben Cleary and Will

First Ward—Dr. P. C. Davis, J. B. H. Smith, seq. Scond Ward—Dr. R. K. Stone, James E. Dunawin, seq. Scond Ward—Dr. R. K. Stone, James E. Dunawin, seq. Fluora Ward—Dr. W. G. Palmeter, Jaseph Bryan, seq. Fluora Ward—Dr. P. J. Joliuston, Francis Schoin, seq. Fluora Ward—Dr. P. S. Walsh, John D. Brandt, seq. Scoth Ward—Dr. P. S. Walsh, John D. Brandt, seq. Seconth Ward—Dr. J. E. Morgan, Henry A. Clarke, seq.

Seconds Ward—D. B. E. Storgan, Henry A. Clarke, on Apprintantian to Peranam subscripts to the Poon First Ward—David G. Ridgely, Second Ward—Andrew W. Hughes, Third Ward—Andrew S. Callan, Fifth Ward—James D. O Donnell, Seconds Ward—D. B. Clarke, PHYSICIANS TO THE POOR First Ward—Philip C. Davis, M. D. Scond Ward—J. W. H. Lovejoy, M. Third Ward—George M. Dalo, M. D. Pourth Ward—J. M. Toner, M. D. Fifth Ward—J. M. Grymos, M. D. Stieth Ward—J. M. Roberts, M. D. Seventh Ward—J. E. Willett, M. D.

Seconth Ward—J. E. Willett, M. D.
Seconth Ward—Geo. W. Riggs and Wm. T. Dove, (president,)
First Ward—Geo. W. Riggs and Wm. T. Dove, (president,)
Second Ward—Thomas Miller and Thomas J. Fisher
Thirst Ward—Thomas Denoth and Joseph F. Brown,
Flatth Ward—Wm. W. Moore and Francis Mohum.
Fifth Ward—Edmund Barry and C. W. C. Dunnington,
Stath Ward—Robert Clarke and Aaron W. Miller,
Seconth Ward—John L. Smith and Peter M. Pourson,
Secretary to the Board—Erasmus J. Moldleton,
Messenger—Jacob Kleiber,

Messenger—Jacob Kleiber.

On Finance—Messers. Biggs, Brown, and Smith.
Improvements—Messers. T. Miller, Moore, and Fearson.
Police—Messers. Mohin, Barry, and Smith.
Claims—Messers. Mohin, Barry, and Smith.
Claims—Messers. Mohon, Barry, and Fearson.
Schools—Messers. Mohon, Punnington, and Clark.
Fire Department—Messers. Fisher, Barry, and A. W. Millerthouse.
Messers. Moore, Fisher, and Clark.
Drainage, Sascrage, and Distribution of Water—Messers.
Biller, and Pearson.
On Unfinished Business—Messers. A. W. Miller, Dunningth.

mith.

JONY COMMYTHES.—On the Asylum—Messes. Moore, Donoho, and A.W. Miller.

Health of the City—Messes, T. Miller, Mohan, and Clark.

Janal—Messes. Brown and Pesson.

Wharves—Messes. Donoho and Smith

Enrolled Bills—Mr. Moore.

Accounts of Register—Mr. Barry.

Money Transactions of the Corporation—Mr. Biggs.

Eligibility of Assessors—Messes. A. W. Miller, Fisher, and Smith.

To Count and Destroy Due Bills—Mr. Fisher.

To Atlend to the Interests of the Corporation before Congress—Messes.

unnington, Riggs, and Clark.

BOARD OF COMMON COUNCIL.

BOARD OF COMMON COUNCIL.

First Ward—Charles Abert, (president,) John outhey S. Parker.

Second Ward—Wm. Orme, Grafton Powell, and Charles S. Jones.

Third Ward—Wm. G. Palmer. Lambert Tree, and Christopher Hare.

Fourth Ward-Stephen D. Castleman, Elijah Edmonston, and Wm Mohun. Fifth Ward—William A. Mulloy, Wm. F. Wallace, and T. Van Res Sizth Ward-George A. Bohrer, Franklin S. Ober, and John H. Rus Seventh Ward-Thomas E. Lloyd, Charles Wilson, and Thoma

istend. Secretary—William A. Kennedy. Messenger—William Q. Locke. Messenger—William Q. Locke.
COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD OF COMMON COUNCIL.
On Ways and Messens—Messers, Jones, Turton, Tree, Castleman, Van Reswick, Ober, and Lloyd.
On Improvements—Messers. Turton, Van Reswick, Orme, O'Hare, Mohun, Russell, and Lloyd.
On Clatins—Messers. Powell, Mohun, and Wilson.
On Unfained Business—Messers. Falmer and Milstead.
On Elections—Messer. Mulloy, O'Hare, Parker, Powell, Castleman, Bohrer, and Lloyd.
Canels—Messers. Castleman, Orme, Ober, Van Reswick, Parker, and Milstead.
Schools—Messers. Tree. Turton. Powell. Mohun. Wallace. Bahver.

ods-Messrs. Tree, Turton, Powell, Mohun, Wallace, Bohrer artment.—Messrs. Parker, Edmonston, and Milstead., dc.—Messrs. Palmer, Orme, Turten, Mohun, 1

Drainage, dc.—Messrs, Paimer, Orine, lawell, and Wilson. Corporation before Congress—Messrs. Jones, Mohun, Lloyd, and Tree. Junx Constructs. Washington Canal—Messrs. Castleman and Van Reswick. an Reswick.

On Money Transactions with Corporation—Mr. Jones.
Asylum—Mesers. Turton, Jones, Wallace, and Milstead.
Count and Destroy Due Bills—Mr. Edmonston.
Rejister of Accounts—Mr. Bobrer.
Wharves—Mesers. Orton, Castleman, and Russell.
Health of the City—Mesers. Palmer, Parker, Wilson, and Mulloy.
Enrolled Bills—Mr. Tree.
Eligibility of Assessors—Mesers. Wallace, O'Hare, Parker, and Edmonston.

First District—Joseph E. Rawlings. Second District—R. B. Owens. Third District—Stephen Coster. Fourth District—Samuel S. Taylor.

BOARD OF TRESTEDS OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

First District.—William B. Randolph, (president,) Roger B. Ironside und A. B. Stoughton.

Seemad District—Erasmus M. Chapin, James Laurenson, and slitchel H. Miller.

Phird District—John D. Brandt, William F. Price, and Francis S.

Third District—John D. Brandt, William F. Price, and Francis S. Waish.

Fourth District—J. E. Willett, Fre erick Whyte, and Samuel Yorke Atlac.

Secretary to the Board—Robert Ricketts.

Trenurer—Valentine Harbaugh.

Opticies of This ANYLEM, ETC.

Intendant of the Asylum—John R. Queen.

Physician to the Asylum—John R. Deers,

Commissioners of the Asylum—Forger W. Emerson, George Mattingly, and Leonard Harbaugh.

Secretary to the Commissioners—John H. Noyes.

Commissioner of the Eustern Section of the Canal—Charles C. Edolin.

Commissioner of the Western Section of the Canal—William Wise.

Commissioner of the Western Section of the Canal—William Wise.

Commissioner of the Western Section of the Canal—William Wise.

Commissioner of the Western Section of the Canal—William Wise.

Omnutationers August Miller, sexxon.

Commissioners of the West Pharma Ground—John D. Brandt, George Morgan; August Miller, section.
Commissioners of the East Burial Ground—John D. Brandt, George J. Oyater; John O'Nosle, section.
Inspector of Plour and Salted Procisions—Jon. Lyons.
Guager and Impector—Florian Hitz.
Sealer of Weights and Mossures—Hiram Richey.
Impoctor of Pire Apparatis—John W. Martin.
SCHEROMER AND MASSTERS.

Inspectors and Measurers of Lumber—Poter Grilant, Wm. Douglas, Samuel R. Beyer, Thomas W. Burch, and S. F. Gates.

Measurers of Grain, Hran, &c.—John Wilson for the first district and J. Z. Williams for the second district.

Wood and Coal Measurers—Joseph Z. Williams, Sain. C. Mickum, CLERKS AND COMMISSIONERS OF MARKETS

CLERKS AND COMMISSIONERS OF MARKETS.

Clark of Centre Market—John Waters, Joseph Lyons, assistant.

Clerk of Eastern Market—Sylvester F. Gates.

Clerk of Western Market—William Walker.

Clerk of Northern Market—George D. Spencer.

Commissioners of the Centre Market—William Orme, Hudson Taylor, and Buckner Hayliss.

Commissioners of the Western Market—William H. Walker and William Booken. ers of the Northern Market-James T. Devine and Theo Commissioners of the Eastern Market .- G. W. Johnson and Franci

Pirat Ward—William Riggles. Second Ward—John T. Stewart. Third Ward—Zephaniah Jones. Fourth Ward—William Douglass.

Fifth Ward—Geo. F. Smallwood Sixth Ward—Edward Wayson. Seventh Ward—John H. Brd. SUPERISTENDENTS OF SWEEPS.

Pical Ward—A. R. Hilton.
Second Ward—Thomas Robbinson.

Phird Ward—W. A. Bobinson.

Phirth Ward—W. A. Bobinson.

Fifth Ward - John T. Neale, Sixth Ward - James R. Wood. Seventh Ward - H. O. Whitem Piret Ward, 1st District—Win. Barr.
Piret Ward, 2d District—Win. Barr.
Piret Ward, 2d District—Beinet Linklins.
Second Ward, 2d District—Reigner Adamson.
Second Ward, 2d District—Michael Stahl.
Third Ward, 2d District—John Schue.
Third Ward, 2d District—John Mack.
Flourth Ward, 2d District—John Mack.
Flourth Ward, 2d District—Ernal Loeffler.
Pith Ward—Win. T. Bassford.
Sight Ward—Junes Curtain.
Seconth Ward—George N. Adams.
POLICE MARGETATES. BCAYENGERS

POLICE MAGISTRATES First District—Samuel Brury.
Second, Pourth, and Sixth Districts united—Thos. J. Williams:
Third District—John D. Clark, office on Twelfth street, a few does Fifth District—William Thompson, office on Ninth street, betwee

D and Estreets.

Secenth District.—Thomas C. Donn, office on Louisiana avenue, near
Bank of Washington.

Eighth District.—Patrick McKenna, office corner of Pounsylvania aveme and Fourth street east.

Nath District.—James Cult, office near Navy Yard.

Tenth District.—Daniel Rowland, on the Island.

Gustof-House.—Thomas C. Donn. POLICE DEPARTMENT.

The Organization of the Executive Departments of the Government of the United States:

he whole machinery employed to conduct the business arising out ur foreign relations with all the powers of the world is for more set than is generally conceived. The number employed in the triment of Sale of the United States is only seventeen, as follows Secretary of State, (Hon. Lowis Cass.) one Assistant Secretary of (Hon. John Appleton.) one chief cierk, twelve clerks, one trans-and one librarian.

lator, and one librarian.

Diplomatic Branch.—This branch of the state Department as charge of all correspondence between the department and other diplomatic agents of the United States abroad, and those of foreign powers accredited to this government. In it all diplomatic instruction sent from the department, and communications to commissioners under treatice of boundaries, &c., are prepared, copied, and recorded and all of like character received are registered and filled, their content being first entered in an analytic table or index.

Sometime to the contract in an analytic table or mace.

Consular Branch.—This branch has charge of the correspondent act, between the department and the consula and commercial age of the United States. In it instructions to those officers, and answer to their despatchies and to letters from other persons saking for contar agency, or relating to consular affairs, are prepared and record The Debursing Agent.—He has charge of all correspondence an other matters connected with accounts relating to any fund with the disbursement of which the department is charged.

The Translator.—His duties are to furnish such translations as the department may require. He also records the commissions of consult and vice consult, when not in English, upon which exequators are

Clerk of Appointments and Commissions.—He makes out and record Clerk of Approximents and Commission.—He makes out and record commissions, letters of appointment, and nonimations to the Scuate makes out and records exequators, and records, when in English, the commissions on which they are asseted. Has charge of the ribits and Clerk of the Eolis and Archives.—He takes charge of the rolls, or en-rolled acts and resolutions of Congress, as they are received at the de-partment from the President; prepares the authenticated copies there, which are called for; prepares for, and superintends their publication and that of treaties in the newspapers and in book form, attends a thoir detribution throughout the United States, and that of all docu-ments and publications in regard to which this duty is assigned to the department, writing and answering all letters connected therewith the charge of all Indian treaties, and business relating thereto. that charge of all inflan treaties, and business relating therets.

Clerk of Authentications and Coggrights.—He has charge of the seals of the United States and of the department, and prepares an attaches occilientes to papers presented for authentication; receive and accounts for the fees. Has charge of publications transmitted the department under the laws relating to copyrights; recerds and in dexas their titles; received all letters from the department, other that the diplomatic and consular.

the diplomatic and consular.

Cierk of Parclons and Passgorts—He prepares and records pardox and remissions; and registers and tiles the petitions and papers o which they are founded. Makes out and records passports; keeps daily register of all lattors, other than diplomatic and consular, received, and of the disposition made of thom; prepares letters relating to this huming.

ATTORIUT GENERAL'S OFFICE.

Hon. Jeremiah S. Black, Attorney General of the United States; A. B. McCalment, eaq., chief clerk. The ordinary business of this office may be classified under the following heads:

1. Official opinions on the current business of the government, as called for by the President, by any head of department, or by the Solicitor of the Treasury.

2. Examination of the titles of all land purchased, as the sites of arsenals, estom-houses, light-houses, and all other public works of the United States.

3. Applications for pardons in all cases of conviction in the courts of the United States.

4. Amplications for appointment in all the judicial and legal business

Applications for appointment in all the judicial and legal business

4. Applications for appointment in all the judicial and legal business of the government.
5. The conduct and argument of all suits in the Supreme Court of the United States in which the government is concerned.
6. The supervision of all other suits arising in any of the departments when referred by the head thereof to the Attorney General. To these ordinary heads of the business of the office are added at the present time the following, viz:
First. The direction of all appeals on land claims in California.
Second. The codification and revision of the laws of the District o.

Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Hon. Jacob Thompson, of the State of Mississippl. Its clerical force consists of one chief clerk, (Mosce Kelly, e.g.,) two disbursing clerks, and ten other regular clerks; and to its supervision and management are committed the following branches of the nublic service:

clerk, (Mores Keily, esq.) two disbursing clerks, and ten other regular clerks; and to its supervision and management are committed the following branches of the public service:

1st. The Public Lands. The chief of this bureau is called the Commissioner of the General Land Office. The Land Bureau is charged with the survey, management, and sale of the public domain, and the issuing of titles therefor, whether derived from confirmations of grants made by former governments by sales, donations, of grants for schools, militarly boundies, or public improvements, and the issuing of neity in lieu thereof. The Land Office, also, adults its own accounts. The present Commissioner is Hon. T. A. Hendricks, of Indiana. Its principal officers are a recorder, chief clerk, principal clerk of surveys, besides a draughtsman, assistant draughtsman, and some 150 clerks of various grades.

2d. Pensions.—The present head of this bureau is George C. Whiting, of Virginia. The commissioner is charged with the examination and adjudication of all claims arising under the various and numerous laws passed by Congress granting bounty hand or pensions for the military or naval services in the revolutionary and subsequent wars in which the United States have been engaged. He has one chief clerk, (S. Cole, esq.) and a permanent corps consisting of some minety other clerks.

3d. Indiana.—Commissioner of Indian Affairs, Charles E. Mix, of Georgelown, D. C. He is provided with a chief clerk and about afreen other subordinate clerks.

4th. Park Office.—To this bureau is committed the execution and

Georgetown, D. C. He is provided with a chief clerk and about afteen other subordinate clerks.

4th. Patent Office,—To this bureau is committed the execution and performance of all "acts and things touching and respecting the granting and basiling of patents for new and useful discoveries, inventions, and improvements;" the collection of statistics relating to agriculture, the collection and distribution of seeds, plants, and cuttings. It has a chief clerk—who is by haw the acting Commissioner of Patents in the absence of the Commissioner-twelve principal, and twelve assistant examiners of patents, some dozen subordinate permanent clerks, besides a considerable number of temporary employees. Hon. Joseph Holt is the Commissioner, and Samuel T. Shugert, esq., Chief Clerk.

Besides these four principal branches of this tow executive department, the organic act of 1849 transferred to it from the Treasury De-

Cores, besides a considerable number of temporary employees. Hent-Joseph Holi is the Commissioner, and Samuel T. Slugert, eeq., Chief-Clerk.

Bordeles these four principal branches of this new executive depart-ment, the organic act of 1849 transferred to it from the Treasury Be-partment the supervision of the accounts of the United States marshals and attorneys, and the clerks of the United States courts, the meanage-ment of the lead and other mines—wife the United States and the affairs of the penitentiary of the United States in the District of Columbia; and from the State Department the duty of taking and returning the cen-sures of the United States, and of supervising and directing the acts of the Commissioner of Publis Beiddings. The hospital for the insanc of the crimissioner of Publis Beiddings. The hospital for the insanc of the army and navy and of the listrict of Columbia is also under the management of this department; in addition to which, by laws re-cently passed, the Secretary of the Interior is charged with the con-struction of the three wagon roads leading to the Pacific Const. The department requires an additional building for its accommoda-tion, and the erection of one has been repeatedly recommended during the last few years for that purpose. At present the Pension Office is provided with rooms in what is known as "Winder's Building," while the other branches of the department, including the Secretary's office, are all crowded into the Patient Office building, the whole of which with the was originally intended.

The Treasury Department consists of the offices of the Secretary of the Treasury, two comptrollers, commissioner of the customs, six au ditors, treasurer, register, solicitor, light-house board, and coast sur vey.

The following is a brief indication of the duties of these several offices, and of the force employed therein, respectively:

Secretary's Office.—Hon. Howell Cobb, Secretary of the Treasury, Hon. Philip Clayton, Assistant Secretary; one engineer in charge; one architect, and three draughtenies temporarily employed, and twenty-three clerks. The scerelary of the Treasury is charged with the gen-eral supervision of the fiscal transactions of the government, and of the execution of the laws concerning the commerce and navigation of the United States. He superintends the survey of the coast, the light-house establishment, the marine hospitals of the United States, and the con-struction of certain public buildings for custom-houses and other pur-

First Compreher's Oper—1000, William Medil, Compreher's and fifteen clerks. He prescribes the mode of keeping and rendering ac-counts for the civil and diplomatic service, as well as the public lands, and revises and certifies the balances arising thereon. Second Comptroller's Office.—J M. Cutts, esq., Comptroller, and seventeen clerks. He prescribes the mode of keeping and rendering the accounts of the army, navy, and Indian departments of the public service, and revises and certifies the balances arising thereon.

First Comptroller's Office.-Hon. William Medill, Comptroller, and

public service, and revises and certifies the balances arising thereon.

Office of Commissioner of the Customs.—Samuel lugbam, esq.

Commissioner, and deven clerks. He prescribes the mode of keeping and rendering the accounts of the customs revenue and disbursements, and for the building and repairing customs houses, &c., and revises and certifies the balances arising thereon.

First Auditor's Office—Thomas L. Smith, esq., First Auditor, and miseteen clerks. He receives and adjusts the accounts of the customs revenue and disbursements, appropriations and expenditures on account of the civil list and under private acts of Congress, and reports the balances to the Commissioner of the Customs and the First Comptroller, respectively for their decision thereon.

Second Auditor's Office—Thomas J. D. Fuller, Second Auditor, and

Second Auditor's Office—Thomas J. D. Fuller, Second Auditor, an twenty one clerks. He receives and adjusts all accounts relating the pay, clothing, and recruiting of the army, as well as armorie sreenals, and ordinance, and all accounts relating to the Indian department, and reports the balances to the Second Comparoller for his decision therein.

son thereon.

Third Auditor's Office.—Robert J. Atkinson, eeq., Third Auditor, and sevently eight clerks. He receives and adjusts all accounts for subsistence of the army, fortifications, Military Academy, military roads, and the Quartermaster's department, as well as for pensions, claims arising from military services previous to 1816, and for horses and other property lost in the military service, under various acts of Congress, and reports the balances to the Second Comptroller for his decision thereon.

Fourth Auditor's Office.—Aaron O. Dayton, esq., Fourth Auditor, and sixteen clerks. He receives and adjusts all accounts for the service of the Navy Department and reports the balances to the Second Comptroller for his decision thereon. Pifth Auditor's Office.—Murray McConnel, esq., Fifth Auditor, an six clerks. He receives and adjusts all accounts for diplomatic an similar services performed under the direction of the State Department, and reports the balances to the First Comptroller for his decision.

Sight Auditor's Office.—Ir. Thomas M. Tate, auditor of the Treasury for the Post Office Department, and one hundred and-fourteen clerks. He receives and adjusts all accounts arising from the service of the Post Office Department. This decisions are fluid, unless an appeal be taken in twelve months to the First Comptroller. He superintends the collection of all debts due the Post Office Department, and all penalties and torfeitures imposed on pentimesters and mail contractors for failing to do their duty; he directs suits and legal proceedings, civil and criminal, and takes all such measures as may be authorized by law to enforce the prompt payment of moneye due to the department; instructing United States altoracys, marshals, and clerks in all matters relating thereto; and receives returns from each torm of the United States courts of the condition and progress of such suits and legal proceedings; has charge of all lands and other property assigned to the United States to payment of dotte due the Post Office Department, and has power to sell and dispose of the same for the benefit of the United States

*Treasurer's Office—Samuel Casey, esq., Treasurer, and thirteen

Department, and has power to sell and dispose of the same tor the benefit of the United States

Treatment's Office—Samuel Casey, esq., Treasurer, and thirteen clarks. He receives and keeps the moneys of the United States in this own office, and that of the depositories created by the act of the 6th of August, 1846, and pays out the same upon warrants drawn by the Secretary of the Treasurer, countersigned by the First Comptroller, and upon warrants drawn by the Postmaster General, and countersigned by the Sixth Auditor, and recorded by the legister. He also holds public moneys advanced by warrant to disbursing officers, and jays out the same upon their checks.

Register's Office—Finity Bigger, esq., Register, and twenty-nine clarks. He keeps the accounts of public receipts and expenditures; receives the rejurns and makes out the official statement of commerce and navigation of the United States; and receives from the First Comptroller and Commissioner of Contonne all accounts and vouchers deviated by hom, and is charged by law with their safe keeping.

Solicitor's Office.—Here, Junius Hillyer, Solicitor, and six clerks. He superintends all civil scatts commonced by the United States, (oz cycl these artising in the Post Office Department.) and instructs the United States attempts, marshals, and clerks in all matters relating to them and their results. He receives returns from each term of the United States courts, showing the progress and condition of each sum has charge of all hands and other property sestimote to the United States to payment of dobts, (careje those assigned in payment of de light the Powl Office Department,) and has power to sell and dispose of the same for the benefit of the United States.

the same for the opening of the Cubic Scarce and the Tre wary exoficio, precident, Com. W. R. Simbrick, United States may, clair man, Major A. H. Low man, corps of engineers, United States are proposed to the Company of the Company United States Coast Survey. Professor A. D. Bache, IJ. D., sup-ndent, and superintendent of weights and measures.

indent, and superintendent of weights and measures.

Capt. William R. Palmer, corps topographical engineers, United states Army, in charge of the Coast Survey Office; Licut A. S. But, nited States Army, assistant.

A. W. Brassell, chief clerk.

C. B. Sow, in charge of archives.

Professor A. G. Pendleton, United States navy, computer of longitudes.

ides, Assistant Chas. A. Schott, in charge of computing division. Assistant I. F. Pourtales, in charge of tidal division. Lieut J. C. Tuball, United States army, in charge of drawing di-

Licut. Saxton, United States army, in charge of engraving div canucl Hein, disbursing agent.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

FORT DEPARTMENT.

FOR OPPLE DEPARTMENT.

Hon. Aaron V. Brown, Postmaster General. The direction and management of the Fost Office Department are assigned by the conentuion and laws to the Postmaster General. That the business may be the some conveniently arranged and prepared for his final action, it is distributed among several bureaus, as follows: The Appointment of the nor conveniently arranged and prepared for his final action, it is distributed among several bureaus, as follows: The Appointment of the contract office, in charge of the Erest Assistant Toutmaster General; the p. mance Office, in charge of the Piard Assistant Foutmaster General; and the Impaction Office, in charge of the Third Assistant Foutmaster General; and the Impaction Office, in charge of the Chief clierk.

Appointment Office—Horatic King, eq., First Assistant Postmaster General, and nineteen clerks. To this office are assigned all questions which relate to the establishment and discontinuance of peet office, changes of siles and names, appointment and removal of postmasters and route and boas agents, as, also, the giving of instructions to post masters. Postmasters are furnished with marking and rating stamps and letter latinces by this bureau, which is charged also with prevision blanks and stationery for the use of the department, and we have appointment with binaries. To this bureau is likewise assigned the supervision of the ocean mudi steamslap lines, and of the foreign and is contract Office.—William H. Dundas, esq., Second Assistant Postmaster General, and theory six clarks. To this office is assigned the business of arranging the unail service of the United States, and placing the same unfor contract, enthracing all correspondence and proceeding respecting the frequency of trips, node of conveyance, and times of departures and arrivals on all the routes; the course of the mail between the different sections of the country, the points of rail distribution, and the regulations for the extablishment or alternation of mail arrangem

mail leitings, giving a statement of each bid; also, of the contracts made, the new service originated, the curtainment ordered, and the additional allow ances granted within the year.

Pianne Office—John Marron, e.g., Third Assistant Postmaster General, and twenty-one clerks. To this office are assigned the sepervision and management of the financial bosiness of the department, not devolved by law upon the Auditor, embracing accessible with the draft offices and other depositaries of the department, the issuing of warrants and drafts in payment of balances reported by the Auditor to be due to mail contractors and other persons, the spervision of the accounts of offices under orders to deposite their quarterly lad ances at designated points, and the superintendence of the rendition by postmasters of their quarterly returns of postage. It has clarge of the dead-letter office, of the lassing of postage stamps and stamped envelopes for the pre-payment of postage stamps and stamped circle their quarterly returns of postage stamps and stamped direct their quarterly returns of postage stamps and stamped direct their quarterly returns of postage; those at draft offices, their cletters reporting quarterly the net proceeds of their offices, and those at depositing offices, their certificates of deposite; to him should also be directed the weekly and monthly returns of the depositaries of the department, as well as all applications and receipts for postage stamps and stamped envelopes, and for dead letters.

*Impection Office**—Henj. N. Clements, esq., chiefelerk, and seventeen clerks. To this office is assigned the dety of receiving and examining the expectage of the arrivals and departures of the action of the artivals and departure of the mails, certificates of the service of route agonts, and reports of mail failures; of noting the definition of the artivals and departure of the mails, certificates of the service of courtex carron, and pre-paring cases thereon for the action of the Postmaster General; turnshing b

The Navy Department consists of the Navy Department proper, being the office of the Socretary and of five bureaus attached thereto, vir. Bureau of Navy, yards and Bocks, Bureau of Construction, Equipment, and Repair, Bureau of Provisions and Clothing, Bareau of Provisions and Clothing, Bareau of Ordinance and Hydregraphy, and the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery.

The following is a statement of the duties of each of these offices and of the force employed therein:

Secretary's Office—Hon. Isaac Toucey, Secretary of the Navy; Charles W. Weish, esq., chief clerk, and eleven clerks. The Secretary of the Navy has charge of everything connected with the naval establishment, and the execution of all laws relating thereto is intrusted to bim, under the general direction of the President of the United States, who, by the constitution, is commander in-their of the army and navy. All instructions to commanders of squadrons and commanders of vesselle, all orders of officers, commissions of officers of interested officers, conscious and commanders of except of the President of the Secretary and their orders for the enthstment and discharge of seamen, emanate from the Secretary's office. All the duties of the officers considered as emanting from him. The general superintendence of the matrice corps forms, also, a part of the duties of the Secretary, and all the orders of the commandant of that corps should be approved by him.

Bureau of Navy Yards and Docks.—Commodore Jos of the bureau, four clerks, one civil engineer, and on of the bureau, four clerks, one civil engineer, and one dra All the navy-yards, decks and wharves, buildings and ma navy-yards, and everything immediately connected with

manageneest of the Navi Asymptoment, and Repair.—John Lenthall, exq. chief of the burean, eight clerks, and one draughtsman. The office of the ongineer in chief of the navy Samuel Archbold, esq., is attached to this bureau, who is assisted by three assistant engineers. This bureau has charge of the building and repairs of all yessels of war, purchase of materials, and the providing of all yessels with their equipments, as sails, anchors, water-tanks, &c. The engineer-in-chief superintends the construction of all marine steam engines for the navy, and, with the approval of the Secretary, decides upon plans for their construction.

Bureau of Precisions and Clothing.—H. Bridge, purser United States navy, chief of bureau, and four clerks. All provisions for the use of the navy, and clothing, together with the making of contracts for fornishing the same, come under the charge of this bureau.

Bureau of Ordnunce and Hydrography.—Capt. Duncan Ingraham, chief of bureau, four clerks, and one draughtsman. This bureau has charge of all ordnance and ordnance stores, the manufacture or purchase of cannon, guns, powder, shot, shells, &c., and the equipment of vessels of war, with everything connected therewith. It also provides them with maps, charts, chronometers, baronneters, &c. to gether with such books as are formished sings of war. "The United States Naval Observatory and Hydrographical, Office" at Washington, and the Naval excelenty at Annapolis, are also under the general superintendence of the chief of this bureau.

permisentence of the enter of this bureau.

Darrain of Malicine and Surgery.—Dr. William Whelan, surgeon United States havy, chief of bureau; one passed assistant surgeon United States havy, and two clerks. Everything relating to modificate and modified stores, treatment of sick and wounded, and management of hospitals, comes within the superintendence of this bureau.

WAR DEPARTMENT. Hon. J. R. Floyd, Secretary of War; W. R. Drinkard, chief clerk, seven subordinate clerks, two messengers, and four watchmen. The offlowing bureaus are attached to this department:

Conceanding General's Office.—This office, at the head of which is Lieutenant General Scott, is at New York. Adjutont General's Office.—Col. Samuel Cooper, Adjutant General Assistants.—Brevet Major E. D. Townsend, Brevet Capt. S. Williams, and Brevet Capt. S. Geresche. Judge Advocate, Brevet Major John F. Lee; unite clerks and one mescenger. In this office are kept all the records which refer to the personnel of the army, the rolls, &c. It is here where all military commissions are made out.

Quartermaster General's Office.—Brevet Major General T. S. Jesup, unrivermaster general. Assistants—Colonel C. Thomas, Captain M. S. fililer, and Brevet Major J. Beiter; eleven clerks and one messenger. Paymaster General's Office.—doi. B. F. Larnet, paymaster general, Jajor T. J. Leulie, district paymaster; eight clerks and one messenger.

Commissary General's Office.—Gen. George Gibson, commissary general; assistant, Captain M. D. I. Simpson; six clerks and one messet

Surgeon General's Office.—Gen. Thomas Lawson, surgeon general assistants, Dr. R. C. Wood and Dr. G. K. Wood; three clerks. Engineer Office.—General Joseph G. Totten, chief engineer; assistant aptain H. G. Wright; five clerks and one messenger. Epographical Bureau.—Col. J. J. Abert, colonel of the corps, as istant, Captain J. C. Woodruff; four clerks and one messenger.

Ordnance Bureau.—Col. H. R. Craig, colonel of ordnance; assistant Capt. Wm. Maynadier; eight clerks and one messenger.